Page 1 of 13

Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Printing date 05/13/2015

1 Identification

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

· Product identifier	
· Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate	
· Article number: 702-152	
Recommended use and restriction on us Recommended use: Surface modifiers Restrictions on use: No further relevant in	
• Details of the supplier of the Safety Data • Manufacturer/Supplier: RIO GRANDE 7500 Bluewater Rd. NW Alburquerque NM 87121-1962 1-800-545-6566 info@riogrande.com	Sheet
· Emergency telephone number:	
ChemTel Inc. (800)255-3924, +1 (813)248-0585	
Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance or mixtu	re
GHS02 Flame	
Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid	and vapor.
GHS07	
Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.	
Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irrit	
STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness Additional information:	or dizziness.
There are no other hazards not otherwise c 0 percent of the mixture consists of ingredie	
 Label elements GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled accord Hazard pictograms 	ding to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
GHS02 GHS07	
· Signal word Danger	
Hazard-determining components of labe	ling:
acetone	(Contd. on page 2)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 1) Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Precautionary statements** P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. - No smoking. P261 Avoid breathing mist, vapors, or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. P264 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, powder, or carbon dioxide for extinction. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P362 P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. · Hazard description: WHMIS-symbols: B2 - Flammable liquid D2B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects · Classification system: · NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4) Health = 2 Fire = 3 Reactivity = 0

· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)

HEALTHImage: Product with the equation of the equatio

Other hazards
 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

• **PBT:** Not applicable.

• vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 3)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 2)

3 Compos	ition/information on ingredients	
· Chemical	characterization: Mixtures	
 Descriptio 	n: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.	
· Dangerous	s components:	
9016-45-9	4-nonylphenyl-polyethylene glycol	60-80%
	() Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	
67-64-1	acetone	20-40%
	🚸 Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	
	information:	•
For the list	ed ingredients, the identity and exact percentages are being withheld as a trade s	secret.
First-aid	measures	
· Descriptio	on of first aid measures	
	formation: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.	
	lation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.	
After skin		
	ly rinse with water.	
	tion continues, consult a doctor.	
· After eye o		
	narmed eye.	
	ontact lenses if worn.	
	ned eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a c	loctor.
After swal		
	nouth and then drink plenty of water.	
	uce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.	
	on for doctor:	
	ortant symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	
Headache		
Breathing of	difficulty	
Coughing	•	
Dizziness		
Gastric or i	intestinal disorders when ingested.	
	case of ingestion.	
Irritating to	eyes and skin.	
· Danger		
	impaired breathing.	
	drowsiness or dizziness.	
	ve narcotic effect.	
Vapors hav	νε narcotic επεςτ. ough skin absorption.	
Vapors have Danger three Indication	ough skin absorption. of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	
Vapors hav Danger thr Indication Medical su	ough skin absorption.	

(Contd. on page 4)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 3)

5 Fire-fighting measures

· Extinguishing media · Suitable extinguishing agents: Water fog / haze Water spray Foam Carbon dioxide Gaseous extinguishing agents Fire-extinguishing powder · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: None. · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire. · Advice for firefighters · Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. Wear fully protective suit. · Additional information Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use large quantities of foam as it is partially destroyed by the product. Cool endangered receptacles with water fog.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 Ensure adequate ventilation.
 Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
 Particular danger of slipping on leaked/spilled product.
 Keep away from ignition sources.
 Protect from heat.

 Environmental precautions:
 Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
 Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.
 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
 Absorb with non-combustible liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders).
 Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
 Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.
 Reference to other sections
 Output
 Description:
 Description:
 Description:
 Absorb with non-combustible induction of the material of the material as waste according to item 13.
 Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.
 Reference to other sections
 Description:
 Description:

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· Handling:

· Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well ventilated areas.

(Contd. on page 5)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate (Contd. of page 4) Prevent formation of aerosols. Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas. · Information about protection against explosions and fires: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Protect against electrostatic charges. Flammable gas-air mixtures may be formed in empty receptacles. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture. Emergency cooling must be available in case of nearby fire. · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities · Storage: · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location. Provide ventilation for receptacles. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidizing agents. · Further information about storage conditions: Store in cool, drv conditions in well sealed receptacles. Keep receptacle tightly sealed. · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection · Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7. · Control parameters · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace: 67-64-1 acetone Long-term value: 2400 mg/m³, 1000 ppm PEL (USA) Long-term value: 590 mg/m³, 250 ppm REL (USA) Short-term value: (1782) NIC-1187 mg/m3, (750) NIC-500 ppm TLV (USA) Long-term value: (1188) NIC-594 mg/m³, (500) NIC-250 ppm BEI EL (Canada) Short-term value: 500 ppm Long-term value: 250 ppm Short-term value: 750 ppm EV (Canada) Long-term value: 500 ppm LMPE (Mexico) Short-term value: 750 ppm Long-term value: 500 ppm A4, IBE (Contd. on page 6)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

Ingredients with biological limit values: 67-64-1 acctone BEI (USA) 50 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: Acetone (nonspecific) Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis. Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all solied and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: View Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the gloves material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma guality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of su substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Peretration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Ever protection: Ever protection:	Contd. of page
BEI (USA) 50 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: Acetone (nonspecific) Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis. Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all solied and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of su substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: Acetone (nonspecific) Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis. Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands:	
Time: end of shift Parameter: Acetone (nonspecific) Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis. Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Image: Protective gloves Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation ar degradation Material of gloves Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further maguality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The substance of the glove sanderial Presertation time of glove material Exposure and be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Exposure and the substance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore of the checked	
Parameter: Acetone (nonspecific) Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis. Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: VV Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove	
Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis. Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparatio Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion an degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of su substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Exposure controls Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparatio Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion ar degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of s substances, the resistance of the glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Exposure of glove material	
Personal protective equipment: General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparatit Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion an degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of su- substances, the resistance of the glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection: Eye protection:	
General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Protections the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands:	
 Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further maguality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection: 	
Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further man quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
 Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further materially and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection: 	
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marguality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
 Engineering controls: No further relevant information available. Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further maquality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection: 	
 Breathing equipment: Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marguality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of se substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection: 	
Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion are degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marguality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
NIOSH or EN approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection of hands: We protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Protection of hands: Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further manuality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of set substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of se substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	e usea.
The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further material and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further materially and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further material, and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of set substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further material and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of so substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	usion and t
The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further ma quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of se substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
 quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of set substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection: 	ther marke
substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and be observed. Eye protection:	
be observed. Eye protection:	
Eye protection:	es and has
Safety glasses	
Safety glasses	
Body protection: Solvent resistant protective clothing	
Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment Avoid release to the environment.	onment.

· Risk management measures

See Section 7 for additional information.

No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 7)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

(Contd. of page 6)

9 Physical and chemical prope	Physical and chemical properties		
Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information			
· Appearance: Form:	Liquid		
Color:	Light red		
· Odor: · Odor threshold:	Fruit-like Not determined.		
· pH-value:	Not determined.		
· Change in condition	Not determined.		
Melting point/Melting range: Boiling point/Boiling range:	Undetermined. Undetermined.		
· Flash point:	-9 °C (16 °F)		
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined.		
[·] Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.		
· Auto igniting:	Product is not self-igniting.		
[.] Danger of explosion:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/ vapor mixtures are possible.		
· Explosion limits:			
Lower:	Not determined.		
Upper:	Not determined.		
Vapor pressure:	Not determined.		
[·] Density: [·] Relative density	Not determined. Not determined.		
· Vapour density	Not determined.		
Evaporation rate	Not determined.		
· Solubility in / Miscibility with			
Water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.		
 Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa 	ter): Not determined.		
· Viscosity:			
Dynamic:	Not determined.		
Kinematic: • Other information	Not determined. No further relevant information available.		

(Contd. on page 8)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 7)

10 Stability and reactivity

· Reactivity

- · Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:
- Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Reacts with oxidizing agents.

Used empty containers may contain product gases which form explosive mixtures with air.

Can form explosive mixtures in air if heated above flash point and/or when sprayed or atomized.

Toxic fumes may be released if heated above the decomposition point.

· Conditions to avoid

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Store away from oxidizing agents.

- · Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
- · Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

11 I oxicological information
 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity:
· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:
9016-45-9 4-nonylphenyl-polyethylene glycol
Oral LD50 4290 mg/kg (mouse)
 Primary irritant effect: on the skin: Irritant to skin and mucous membranes. on the eye: Irritating effect. Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known. Subacute to chronic toxicity: No further relevant information available. Additional toxicological information: Irritant Toxic and/or corrosive effects may be delayed up to 24 hours. Inhalation of concentrated vapors as well as oral intake will lead to anaesthesia-like conditions and headache, dizziness, etc.
· Carcinogenic categories
· NTP (National Toxicology Program)
None of the ingredients is listed.
· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)
None of the ingredients is listed.
• Probable Routes of Exposure Inhalation. Eye contact. Skin contact.
Ingestion. (Contd. on page 9)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 8)

• Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity):

Vapors have narcotic effect. Irritating to eyes. Irritating to skin. • Repeated Dose Toxicity: No further relevant information available.

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:

Toxic for aquatic organisms

9016-45-9 4-nonylphenyl-polyethylene glycol

LC50 1.821 mg/l (daphnia) (48 h)

· Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.

· Behavior in environmental systems:

· **Bioaccumulative potential** No further relevant information available.

• Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

· Ecotoxical effects:

· Remark: Toxic for fish

- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

Other educate affects No further relevant information excitable

· Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

· Waste treatment methods

Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. Residual materials should be treated as hazardous. • Waste disposal key: EPA RCRA Code (USA): U002.

· Uncleaned packagings:

· Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

· UN-Number

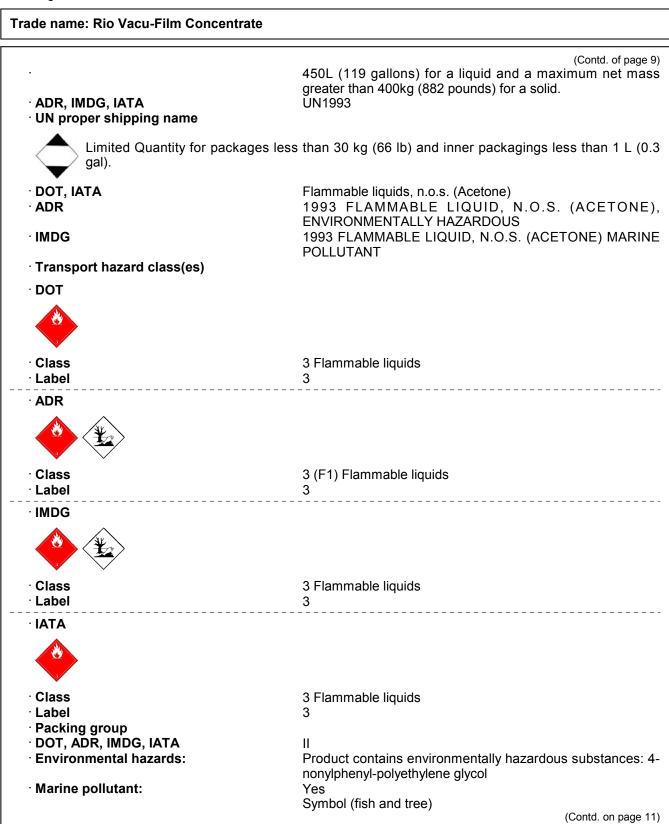
· DOT

UN1993

Product is additionally classified as a MARINE POLLUTANT based on MARPOL and DOT rules. Labeling as a MARINE POLLUTANT is not required for non-bulk single package shipments by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft. Bulk packaging consists of a maximum capacity of greater than (Contd. on page 10)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015



Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

ade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate		
 Special marking (ADR): Special precautions for user Danger code (Kemler): EMS Number: Transport in bulk according to Annex MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code 	(Contd. of page 10 Warning: Flammable liquids 33 F-E, <u>S-E</u> x II of Not applicable.	
· Transport/Additional information:		
· DOT · Quantity limitations	On passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L On cargo aircraft only: 60 L	
 ADR Excepted quantities (EQ) 	Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml	
 IMDG Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) UN "Model Regulation": 	1L Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (ACETONE) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, 3, II	

15 Regulatory information

 \cdot Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture \cdot United States (USA)

· SARA

· Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients are listed.

• TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

· Proposition 65 (California)

· Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients are listed.

• Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

(Contd. on page 12)

Printing date 05/13/2015 R

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 11)

A4

Carcinogenic categories

· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

67-64-1 acetone

· IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

None of the ingredients is listed.

• TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

67-64-1 acetone

• NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· State Right to Know Listings

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Canadian substance listings:

· Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All ingredients are listed.

· Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%)

67-64-1 acetone

• Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Date of preparation / last revision 05/13/2015 / -

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA) WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 2 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2A (Contd. on page 13)

Printing date 05/13/2015

Reviewed on 05/13/2015

Trade name: Rio Vacu-Film Concentrate

(Contd. of page 12)

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Hazard Category 3 • Sources SDS Prepared by: ChemTel Inc. 1305 North Florida Avenue Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902 Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573 Website: www.chemtelinc.com