

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: PURPLE PRIMER
Part #s Covered: See SECTION 16
Product Use: Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe
Formula: See SECTION 2
Synonyms: Plastic Pipe Primer
Firm Name & WILLIAM H. HARVEY COMPANY 4334 South 67th Street
Mailing Address: Omaha, Nebraska 68117, U.S.A. <http://www.wmharvey.com>
Phone Number: (402) 331-1175 or (800) 228-9681
Emergency Phone Numbers: For Emergency First Aid call Toll Free 1-877-740-5015 For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.
Prepared By: Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance
Preparation Date: February 25, 2008

SECTION 2

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	% wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	OTHER:
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	25 - 80%	78-93-3	200 ppm 300 ppm STEL	200 ppm	None
Acetone	0 - 40%	67-64-1	500 ppm 750 ppm STEL	1000 ppm	None
Tetrahydrofuran	5 - 30%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin) 100 ppm STEL	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
Cyclohexanone	10 - 20%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin) 50 ppm STEL	25 ppm	None

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

SECTION 3

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:
Purple liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 4

FIRST AID PROCEDURES

CALL TOLL FREE: 1-877-740-5015

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion: **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method: 0° - 5° F. (-18° - -15° C.) / PMCC
Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.5 % Volume
Extinguishing: Use dry chemical, CO₂, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire
Media: exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an
extinguishing agent.
Special Fire: Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained
Fighting: breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in
Procedure: areas where chemicals are used or stored.
Unusual Fire and: Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all
Explosion: sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted
Hazards: cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or
explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air
and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back.
This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive
organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.
Hazardous: Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including
Decomposition: carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
Products:

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or: Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it
Leak: can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should
Procedures: wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators
if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert
absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put
absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent
liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.
Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for
disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors
or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors).
Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the
work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other
sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep
containers closed when not in use.
Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible
materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.
Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut
or weld on or near empty or full containers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining
emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If
used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be
explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of
solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot
surfaces.
Respiratory: For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH
Protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is
recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and
concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good
industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained
breathing apparatus.
Skin: Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long
Protection: exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as
4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

SECTION 8 (Continued)

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.
Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 151° F / 66° C
Melting Point: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure: 70 mmHg @ 20° C
Vapor Density: (Air = 1) 2.5
Volatile Components: 99.96%
Solubility In Water: Negligible
pH: Not applicable
Specific Gravity: 0.84 +/- 0.02 @ 20° C.
Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0
Appearance: Purple Liquid
Odor: Ether-like
Will Dissolve In: Organic solvents
Material Is: Liquid

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.
Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.
Hazardous Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors
Decomposition including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
Products:
Incompatibility/ Oxidizing agents, alkalies, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine
Materials To Avoid: compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and
sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack
plastic, resins and rubber.
Hazardous Will not occur.
Polymerization:

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.
Skin: May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.
Eye: Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.
Ingestion: Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.
Chronic Toxicity: Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause dermatitis and damage to the kidney, liver, lungs and central nervous system.
Toxicity Data: Acetone: Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg
Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours
Cyclohexanone: Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg
Inhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours
Skin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg
Tetrahydrofuran: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg
Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg
Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m3/8 hours
Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg

SECTION 11 (Continued)

Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that exposure of mice and rats to Tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800 ppm 6 hr/day, 5 days/week for their lifetime caused an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The significance of these findings for human health are unclear at this time, and may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans.

Mutagenicity: Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

Reproductive Toxicity: Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran have been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l.

Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

VOC Information: This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist.

VOC Level: 750 g/l per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: U002, U057, U159, U213

EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, D035, F003, F005

EPA Hazard Waste Class: Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	<u>Less than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)</u>	<u>Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)</u>
DOT		
Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	Flammable Liquid NOS
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	ORM-D	3, PGII
UN/NA Number:	None	UN1993
Hazard Labels:	None	Flammable Liquid (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Cyclohexanone)

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable Liquid, N.O.S.	Limited Quantity
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	3, II	
UN Number:	UN1133	
Label:	None (Limited Quantities are excepted from labeling)	

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: 127 or 128

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Section 311/312: Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements:

<u>Chemical</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>% by wt.</u>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	25 - 80%

CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Tetrahydrofuran (30% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 3,333 lbs. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain any chemicals subject To California Proposition 65 regulation.

TSCA Inventory: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

Canadian WHIMS Classification: Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B. Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS

NFPA Hazard Signal:	Health: 2	Flammability: 3	Reactivity: 1	Special: None
HMIS Hazard Signal:	Health: 2*	Flammability: 3	Reactivity: 1	PPE: G

Section 16 (Continued)

Part #s covered by this MSDS:

00449	019057-24	019078-12	019160	019550
018255	019058	019079-12	019161	019551
018256	019059	019080-12	019162	019552
018974	019060-24	019081-12	019171	019700
019002	019060-48D	019082-12	019172	019701
019003	019061-24	019083-12	019173	019702
019026	019062-24	019084	019187	019703
019038	019063-24	019085-12	019188	019706
019041	019064-24	019086-12	019190	019707
019042-12	019065-24	019087-12	019200-24	019710
019043-12	019066-24	019088	019201-12	019711
019044-24	019067	019089-12	019202-12	019714
019045-12	019067-24	019090	019203	019715
019046-12	019068	019091-12	019204	019716
019048-12	019069-24	019092-12	019205	019717
019049-12	019070-12	019093-12	019500	019980
019050-24	019070-24D	019094-12	019501	019981
019050-48D	019071	019095-12	019502	019995
019050-6	019072-12	019096-12	019505	019996
019051-24	019073	019097-12	019510	019997
019052-24	019073-12	019098-12	019511	019998
019053-24	019074-12	019099-12	019530	
019054-24	019075-12	019155	019531	
019055-24	019076-12	019156	019532	
019056	019077-12	019157	019540	

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